# **Parts List** and

1316S-SA Semi Automatic Bandsaw with Swivel Head Feature Built better to work stronger and last longer

# Operating & Maintenance Manual



**REV 231023** 





**Quality Metal Cutting Bandsaws** 

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## **Specifications**

#### Capacity Round | Rectangular @ 0° (90°) 13" | 13"H x 16"W 12" | 13"H x 12"W @ 45° @ 60° 7-1/2" | 8-1/2"H x 7-1/2"W Blade Size 1" x .035" x 12'6" (150") **Blade Speeds** Infinitely Variable 60-420 SFPM Blade Guides Carbide Guides with Rollers **Blade Tension** Manual Rite-Tension **Electrical Options** 115-208/230/60/1 208-230-460/60/3 Coolant System Tank Capacity 8 Gallons Submersible Pump 115V/.6 Amp/3 **GPM** Vise Control Quick Positioning/Air Powered Feed Rate Control Variable Positive Hydraulic with Counterbalance Spring Stock Stop Projec-25" tion Bed Height Floor Area 90"W x 76"L

1800 Lbs.

Shipping Weight

### 1316S-SA Components

- Plc Controlled, Full Cycle Semi-Automatic
- Saw Head Swivels on Precision Ball Bearings
- Miter to 60 degrees
- Large Protractor for Accurate Angle Selection
- 5' x 18" Infeed Roller Conveyor
- Work Light with Transformer
- Variable Hydraulic Feed Rate Control
- Baldor® Motor
- 3hp Motor 3 Phase TEFC
- 2hp Motor 1 Phase ODP
- Magnetic Starter with Overload and Undervoltage Protection
- Spring-Loaded Carbide Guides with Rollers
- Conbination Reduction Gearbox and Perimeter Ring Gear Blade Drive
- Infinitely Variable Blade Speeds
- Rite-Tension Blade Tensioning Device
- 8 Gallon Flood Coolants System with Sample/Start-Up Coolant
- Full Surround Chip Pan
- Powered Blade Brush
- 110 Volts at Controls
- Overload and Undervoltage Protection
- Precision Ground Bed and Vise Jaws
- Auto Shut-Off at End of Cut
- OSHA Blade Guarding
- Tiger Tooth Bi-Metal Blade

## **Available Factory Options**

Flush Hose with 8.5 GPM Pump | Blade Break/Stall Switch | Casters | NFPA Electrics (with Disconnect) | Laser Line Pointer | 5' and 10' Non-Powered Conveyors | Contact Factory for Additional Options

### **FULL YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY**

This WELLSAW is warranted against defects in material or workmanship installed or performed at the factory. Within one year from date of purchase, we will free of charge and at our option, either repair or replace any part of this WELLSAW which our examination discloses to be defective because of workmanship or a defect in the material. This warranty does not apply if this WELLSAW has been used in a manner not consistent with its' design or which has been subject to accident, alteration, abuse or misuse or which fails due to lack of care or is the result of inadequate power supply and specifically does not apply to normal wear parts. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION OF THE FACE HEREOF.

WELLSAW shall not be liable for consequential or incidental damages suffered or incurred with respect to defective materials or work-manship.

We do not authorize any person or representative to make any other warranty or to assume for us any liability in connection with the sale of our products other than those contained herein. Any agreements outside of or contradictory to the foregoing shall be void and of no effect

All transportation costs on products or parts submitted to WELLSAW under this warranty must be paid by the user. No products or parts are to be returned without first obtaining permission.

#### RECEIVING AND INSTALLATION

### **Un-crating**

Carefully remove the protective crating and skid so the saw and its parts are not marred or otherwise damaged. In the event of damage in transit, notify the carrier and file a Proof of Loss Claim immediately.

#### **Shortages**

Inspect the complete shipment carefully against the itemized packing list. Make sure that all items are present and in good condition. In the event of any shortage, notify the distributor from whom you purchased the saw and the carrier who made the final delivery.

### **Utility Hook-Up**

The use of a qualified electrician is always recommended when connecting the saw to the main power supply. Electrical codes differ from area to area and it is the customer's responsibility to ensure that their saw complies with applicable codes. Your WELLSAW is pre-wired at the factory for a specified voltage. Always check the motor and electrical panel to ensure that they are both wired to correspond to your electrical power supply.

PARTS ORDERING
When contacting your WELLSAW Supplier of the Company for parts or service, it is essential that you have your MODEL NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER and PURCHASE DATE available. Jot them down here for handy reference.
MODEL:
SERIAL NUMBER:
PURCHASE DATE:

# **Safety Instructions**

## **AWARNING**

# **ADANGER**

### **ACAUTION**











- Always wear protective eye wear when operating machinery. Eye wear shall be impact resistant, protective safety glasses with side shields which comply with ANSI Z87.1 specifications. Use of eye wear which does not comply with ANSI Z87.1 specifications could result in severe injury from breakage of eye protection.
- Keep hands in sight and clear of all moving parts and cutting surfaces.
- Wear proper apparel. No loose clothing or jewelry which can be caught in moving parts. Rubber soled footwear is recommended for best footing.
- Do not overreach. Failure to maintain proper working position can cause you to fall into the machine or cause your clothing to get caught - pulling you into the machine.
- Keep guards in place and in proper working order. Do not operate the machine with guards removed.
- Avoid dangerous working environments. Do not use stationary machine tools in wet or damp locations. Keep work areas clean and well lit. Special electrics should be used when working on flammable materials.
- Avoid accidental starts by being sure the start switch is "OFF" before plugging in the machine.
- Never leave the machine running while unattended. Machine shall be shut off whenever it is not in operation.
- Disconnect electrical power before servicing. Whenever changing accessories or general maintenance is done on the machine, electrical power to the machine must be disconnected before work is done.
- 10. Maintain all machine tools with care. Follow all maintenance instructions for lubricating and the changing of accessories. No attempt shall be made to modify or have makeshift repairs done to the machine. This not only voids the warranty but also renders the machine unsafe.
- Secure work. Use clamps or a vise to hold work when practical. It is safer than using your hands and it frees both hands to operate the machine.
- 12. Never brush away chips while the machine is in operation.
- 13. Keep work area clean. Cluttered areas invite accidents.
- Remove adjusting keys and wrenches before turning the machine back on.

- 15. Use the right tool. Don't force a tool or attachment to do a job it was not designed for.
- 16. Use only recommended accessories and follow manufacturer's instructions pertaining to them.
- 17. All visitors should be kept at a safe distance from the work area. Make workshop completely safe by using padlocks, master switches, or by removing starter keys.
- 18. Know the tool you are using its application, limitations, and potential hazards.
- 19. Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:
  - Lead from lead based paints
  - Crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
  - · Arsenic and chromium from chemically treated lumber.
- 20. Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as dust masks that are specifically designed to filter out microscopic particles.

#### **General Electrical Cautions**

This saw should be grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code and local codes and ordinances. This work should be done by a qualified electrician. The saw should be grounded to protect the user from electrical shock.

#### Wire Sizes

Caution: for circuits which are far away from the electrical service box, the wire size must be increased in order to deliver ample voltage to the motor. To minimize power losses and to prevent motor overheating and burnout, the use of wire sizes for branch circuits or electrical extension cords according to the following table is recommended:

Conductor	AWG (American Wire Gauge) Number		
Length	240 Volt lines	120 Volt lines	
0-50 feet 50-100 feet Over 100 feet	No. 14	No. 14	
	No. 14	No. 12	
	No. 12	No. 8	

# **Safety Instructions**

## **AWARNING**

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### Misuse of this machine can cause serious injury.

For safety, this machine must be set up, used and properly serviced. Read, understand and follow instructions in the Parts and Maintenance manual.

**DISCONNECT POWER** before adjusting or servicing the saw or changing a blade.

**STAY CLEAR** of all moving parts. Keep hands and fingers away form the saw blade.

WHEN MOVING SAW, with hinged frame (saw head), secure the head in its down position.

**WHEN CUTTING MAGNESIUM**, take special precautions. Use a sharp saw blade, make only dry cuts, prevent chip accumulation, and keep fire-fighting equipment nearby.

THIS SAW SHOULD BE GROUNDED WHILE IN USE TO PROTECT THE OPERATOR FROM ELECTRICAL SHOCK.

**CORD CONNECTED TOOLS**. If the saw is equipped with an approved 3-conductor cord and a 3-prong grounding type plug, it should only be connected to a properly equipped and grounded receptacle. The green conductor in the cord is the grounding wire. Never connect the green wire to a live terminal.

Use only a 3-wire extension cord having a 3-pronged receptacle, a 3-pronged plug and ample amperage rating. Replace or repair a damaged or worn cord immediately.

**PERMANENTLY CONNECTED TOOLS.** The saw should be connected to a grounded, metal-enclosed wiring system or an equipment-grounding conductor should be run with the circuit conductors and connected to the saw's grounding terminal or lead.

To reset the manual starter after a power interruption, return the switch to OFF and press the RESET button before restarting.

KEEP GUARD IN PLACE and in working order.

**REMOVE ADJUSTING KEYS AND WRENCHES**. Form a habit. Check to see that all keys and wrenches are removed from the tool before turning the tool on.

**KEEP WORK AREA CLEAN**. Cluttered areas and benched invite accidents.

**AVOID DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT**. Do not use power tools in damp or wet locations. Keep your work area well lighted.

**KEEP CHILDREN AWAY**. All visitors should be kept a safe distance from work area.

**MAKE WORKSHOP KID-PROOF** with padlocks, master switches, or by removing starter keys form tools.

**DON'T FORCE TOOL**. It will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it is designed

**USE RIGHT TOOL**. Don't use a tool a or attachment to do a job for which it was not designed.

**WEAR PROPER APPAREL**. No loose clothing or jewelry to get caught in moving parts. Rubber-soled footwear is recommended for best footing.

**USE SAFETY GLASSES**. Also use face or dust mask if operation is dusty.

**SECURE WORK**. Use clamps or a vise to hold work. Provide adequate support to prevent injury from falling work pieces.

#### **MACHINE SET UP**

- Always avoid using machine in damp or poorly lighted work areas.
- Always be sure machine is securely anchored to the floor
- Always keep machine guards in place.
- Always put start switch in "OFF" position before plugging in machine.

#### **MACHINE USE**

- Never operate with machine guards missing.
- Always wear safety glasses with side shields (See ANSI Z87.1)
- Never wear loose clothing or jewelry.
- Never overreach you may slip into the machine.
- Never leave machine running while away from it.
- Always shut off the machine when not in use.

#### **MACHINE SERVICING**

- Always unplug machine from electrical poser while servicing.
- Always follow instructions in Parts and Maintenance manual when changing accessory tools or parts.
- Never modify the machine.

Read and follow these simple rules for best results and full benefits from your machine. Used properly, WELLSAW's machinery is among the best in design and safety. However, any machine used improperly can be rendered inefficient and unsafe. It is absolutely mandatory that those who use our products be properly trained in how to use them correctly. They should read and understand the Parts and Maintenance manual as well as all labels affixed to the machine. Failure in following all of these warnings can cause serious injury.

#### **Notes on Sawing**

It is widely recognized that a proficient operator is a key to optimum bandsawing. He makes certain the machine is properly maintained and adjusted for dependable operation. He carefully sets up each cutting job to prevent damage to the machine and obtain the best performance from the equipment.

Experienced blade dealers can be very help-ful in selecting the grade and proper tooth blade for each sawing job. All blades should be straight, have sharp teeth with uniform set, and be "broken in" at a reduced feed rate to obtain good cutting performance and blade life.

Every cutting situation has special characteristics requiring some experimentation to determine which blade, speed and feed rate will achieve the most satisfactory result. Cutting charts indicate a good starting point, but must be modified by direct experience if optimum performance is desired.

Here are some helpful pointers for adjusting speed and feed for good cutting performance.

- 1. Make sure the saw is cutting a good chip from the workpiece.
- 2. Watch for blue chips or excessive "smoke" indicating heat in the cut which could damage the blade or work harden the material being cut.
- 3. Watch for excessive vibration or chatter marks on the cut-off piece indicating possible damage to the saw teeth by "hammering".
- 4. Check the cut-off piece for flatness. A dull blade or excessive feed will produce a "belly" in the cut.
- 5. Inspect the blade for worn, rounded or shiny cutting edges. Avoid force cutting which will allow chips to "weld" to saw teeth and eventually cause the teeth to be stripped off the blade.
- 6. When experimenting, start with a slow speed and feed rate. Gradually increase blade speed and then feed pressure by small amounts until adverse effects are noted. You can then set the speed and feed at a reasonable level for continuous cutting. Remember that blade speed and feed pressure must be balanced to keep cutting a good chip.

#### **Trouble Shooting**

#### **Premature Dulling of Blade Teeth**

- 1. Feed rate too high or low. Check pages 40 and 41.
- 2. Blade speed too slow or too fast.
- 3. Faulty material; heavy scale, hard spots, etc.
- 4. Verify type of material.
- If coolant flow is not covering saw teeth, increase coolant flow rate.
- 6. If saw is vibrating in cut, reduce blade speed or increase feed rate.
- 7. Chipped or broken tooth may be lodged in cut.
- 8. "Chip welding" caused by improper feed and speed.
- 9. Incorrect coolant mixture.
- 10. Incorrect blade selection
- 11. Improper break-in of new blade. New blades should be run initially with reduced feed pressure for approximately 50 to 100 square inches.
- 12. Saw blade teeth may be hitting blade guides. Check for proper blade size.

#### Saw Blade Vibration

- 1. Incorrect blade speed for material.
- 2. Blade tension insufficient.
- 3. Back-up bearing may be worn.
- 4. Incorrect choice of saw tooth pitch.
- 5. Incorrect coolant mixture.
- 6. Incorrect feed setting. Increase feed.
- 7. Workpiece not firmly clamped in vice.
- 8. Worn or improperly adjusted saw guides. Check and make necessary adjustments.

#### **Blade Teeth Chipping or Ripping Out**

- 1. Blade pitch too coarse. Use a fine pitch saw blade on thin work sections.
- 2. Improper break-in of new blade. Do not start a new blade in an old cut.
- 3. Work piece not held firmly enough. Clamp work securely.
- 4. Introduce cooling if it is not being used.
- 5. Faulty material; scale or hard spots.
- Blade gullets may be loaded. Use higher viscosity lubricant or coolant.
- 7. Blade speed and feed may need adjustment.

#### Premature Blade Breakage

- 1. Poor weld in the blade.
- 2. Feed rate set too high. Reduce it.
- 3. Excessive blade speed. Adjust it.
- 4. Blade guides set too tight or misaligned.
- 5. Blade tension set too high.
- 6. Blade running against flange on wheels. Adjust wheel pitch.

#### **Blade Squeal**

1. Feed rate too light for blade speed. Increase feed rate and/or reduce blade speed.

#### **Blade Slips Off Band Wheels**

- 1. Blade not tensioned correctly.
- 2. Wheel pitch not set properly.
- 3. Guides set too tight.

#### **Gullets of Blade Teeth Loading**

- 1. Blade pitch too fine. Review blade selection.
- 2. Incorrect blade speed. Consult cutting chart.
- 3. If not using coolant, apply it.

#### **Chips Welding to Blade Teeth**

- 1. Cutting rate too high.
- 2. Chip brush may be out of adjustment.
- 3. Check coolant and application.

#### **Blade Becoming Scored**

- 1. Saw guides may be worn. Check and replace if necessary.
- 2. Too much pressure on saw guides. Adjust.
- 3. Guides may be out of alignment.

#### **Blade Making Belly-Shaped Cut**

- 1. Blade tension too light. Increase it.
- 2. Saw guides too far from work piece.
- 3. Blade pitch too fine. Use larger pitch and positive rake tooth form.
- 4. Excessive feed. Decrease it.
- 5. Dull blade.

#### Inaccurate Cut-Off

- 1. Is conveyor or stock stand level with saw bed?
- 2. Insufficient blade tension.
- 3. Blade guides too far apart. Always set blade guides as close to the piece as possible.
- 4. Blade may be dull. Check and replace if necessary.
- 5. Feed pressure too high. Reduce it.

- 6. Blade guides loose, worn or out of alignment.
- 7. Too many teeth-per-inch. Blade not cutting freely.
- 8. Chip brush not cleaning teeth properly.
- 9. Dirty coolant.
- 10. Check for loose fasteners.

#### Rough Cut / Poor Finish

- 1. Excessive feed rate. See recommendations.
- 2. Blade too coarse. Use finer blade pitch.
- 3. Inadequate cutting fluid. Replace.

#### **Blade Stalls in Work**

- 1. Insufficient blade tension.
- 2. Excessive feed pressure.
- 3. Blade tooth spacing too coarse.
- 4. Motor worn or defective.
- 5. Guides too tight against blade.

#### **Blade Does Not Track Properly**

- 1. Set wheel pitch so that blade runs to wheel flange but not against it.
- 2. Is blade tension correct?
- 3. Is back of blade riding against backup bearing? If not, adjust it.

#### **Motor Overheating**

- 1. Check for correct voltage supply. Check voltage at motor. Check magnetic starter heaters.
- 2. Check for loose electrical connections.
- 3. Does motor amp reading correspond to rating on motor specifications tag?
- 4. Is internal motor wiring correct?
- 5. Is drive belt over tightened?

#### **Automatic Stop**

When the blade has completed a cut through the material, the saw frame drops onto a limit switch actuator which shuts the motor off.

When changing a blade or doing any other maintenance or repair, be sure the automatic stop is engaged and disconnect the main power supply.

It is necessary to raise the saw frame to clear the limit switch actuator before the saw can be started.

#### PLACING THE BLADE ON SAW

- 1. Raise saw frame part way.
- 2. Open idle and drive wheel guards.
- 3. Remove blade brush drive belt by loosening thumb screw.
- 4. Loosen Rite Tension® take up screw and remove old blade. In the event of a broken blade, <u>be sure Rite tension® is open by turning take up screw counter-clockwise at least six (6) times.</u>
- 5. Open each carbide guide. Reach behind each blade guide assembly and turn the black knurled knob counter clockwise until it stops. This pulls the carbide block away from the blade.
- 6. Uncoil new blade, WARNING: <u>wear gloves to protect your hands and eye protection.</u> Make certain blade teeth point in the direction of blade travel which is toward the motor.
- 7. Place new blade on the band wheels and fit it into the guides. Close the carbides by turning the black knob clockwise until it stops. It does not need to be tight. Make sure that the blade is not riding up on the band wheel flanges.
- 8. Grasp blade on frame side and push it toward guide bracket beam to hold it in position while turning Rite Tension® take up screw.
- 9. Tighten blade to proper tension. Blade is properly tensioned when the take up screw is tightened until mechanism bottoms.
- 10. Re-attach the blade brush belt and close all guards.

#### Wheel Pitch Adjustment

If the saw blade runs too low, runs off the wheels, or runs too high and rubs the wheel flange, a wheel adjustment must be made.

Loosen the blade before making the following adjustments.

#### Idler Wheel:

Blade running too low or off the wheel- adjust the idler wheel block. Loosen the two cap screws in the block, opposite the take up screw end, one-half turn. Tighten the opposite two cap screws one-half turn. Repeat if necessary.

Blade running too high and against the idler wheel flange- The blade can become distorted, its top edge rolled over and wheel flange will wear excessively. To correct this, loosen the two cap screws closest to the take up screw one-half turn. Tighten the opposite cap screws one-half turn. Repeat if necessary.

#### **Drive Wheel:**

Blade running too low or off the drive wheel- Loosen

the two cap screws opposite the outside end of the wheel plate one-half turn. Tighten the two set screws on the same end one-half turn. Repeat if necessary.

Blade running too high, and against the drive wheel flange- Loosen the cap screws closest to the outside end of the wheel plate and loosen the two set screws at the same time by the same amount. Repeat if necessary.

Make certain all screws are tight after adjustments have been made.

#### Variable Speed Drive

Model 1316S is equipped with variable speed pulleys providing infinite speed selection between 70 and 375 feet-per-minute. See Cutting Speed Chart for settings.

To vary blade speed, rotate handwheel clockwise to increase speed or counter-clockwise to decrease speed. Do not adjust the speed unless the pulley system is in operation (spinning). The handwheel drag is set at the factory during assembly. This drag prevents handwheel "creep" during operation but still permits easy adjustment. Due to normal wear and environment, the drag setting may change. To readjust, tighten set screw in thrust nut.

#### Gear Box Repair

- 1. Remove gear box from saw.
- 2. Remove four machine screws holding gear box together.
- 3. Separate gear box by carefully prying castings apart at a location near pulley shaft. *Caution: Do not use excessive force.*
- 4. Once the gear box is open, the internal parts may be inspected for wear.
- 5. Liquid plastic gasket is used to seal the gear case, Loctite No. 51580 or equivalent.
- 6. Grease, Mobilgrease XHP 220 or equivalent is recommended. The grease must have excellent clinging characteristics. (See Lubrication).

#### **Fixed Vise Jaw**

The two pins in the fixed vise jaw should be kept in place in order to ensure square cuts. For cutting angles, the pins must be removed and the turned to the desired position and tightened with clamp bolts. These pins enable operators to quickly relocate the fixed vise jaw for approximate 90° cutting. For final, accurate cutting, the fixed vise jaw should be squared with the blade. (See Guide Alignment)

#### **Sliding Vise Jaw**

The sliding vise jaw is fitted with a lift plate and ratchet dog for quick action. A hand wheel tightens the vise on the workpiece. Excessive pressure is not required to hold workpiece securely.

#### **Hydraulic Feed Control**

The feed rate is hydraulically controlled with a needle valve located on the side of the saw bed. Caution: Do not attempt to loosen or remove hoses until the saw frame is supported in its "Down" position.

#### **Feed Pressure Adjustment**

Maximum feed pressure is obtained with the frame spring adjusted as close to the end of the saw frame as possible. To *decrease* pressure, turn handle on opposite end of frame counterclockwise. To *increase* pressure turn handle in a clockwise direction. Use lighter feed pressure when cutting thin-wall material or irregular shapes.

#### **Blade Brushes**

Brushes should be cleaned frequently in kerosene and reversed to take advantage of both rows of bristles. For efficient cutting and blade life, keep blade brushes adjusted so they are contacting blade teeth and replace them when wore.

#### **Motor Switch**

The "Start-Stop" motor starter is provided with heater coils to de-energize the circuit if an overload occurs. Allow the coil to cool before trying to restart the motor.

Low/No Voltage Control also de-energizes the circuit and prevents automatic restarts after power is restored. Allow the coil to cool.

To stop the saw at any time, press the stop button or press down on the limit switch actuator

#### **Blade Guide Adjustment**

To properly align the saw blade for a straight and accurate cut, do the following:

- 1. Square the stationary vise jaw. Make sure it is square to the front of the vise slot. Check by placing a combination square against the front of the vise slot in the saw bed. Slide the square toward the stationary vise. Make any necessary adjustment to the vise jaw to bring it into square. Set the combination square so that one leg is along the face of the stationary vise and check to see that the blade is square to the vise jaw. If it is not square, follow the instructions for horizontal adjustment.
- 2. Vertical Adjustment. The back of the saw blade should just touch the carbide back up guide (item 23 in the parts drawings) when the saw is running but not cutting. To adjust, loosen the two cap screws 19 [A] and move the block up or down as required. (Before making this adjustment, be sure the back of the blade is properly contacting the flange on both the drive and idle wheels).
- 3. Horizontal Adjustment. Loosen the two cap screws 19 [B] securing the horizontal adjusting block (items 11 & 12 of the parts drawing). Turn the top adjusting bolt (item 13 of the parts drawing) to move the blade either in, toward the saw bed, or out, away from the saw bed. Normally, the blade comes off the Drive Wheel with a minimum amount of adjustment needed in the Horizontal Adjusting Block. The Idle End adjusting block is more likely to require adjustment.
- 4. Blade Tilt. To ensure the blade is perpendicular to the bed of the saw, loosen the two cap screw 19 [C] holding the Guide Support (9 & 13 of the parts drawing) and turn the bottom adjusting bolt (22 of the parts drawing). Set the combination square on the saw bed with the end of the rule butted against the blade above the set of the teeth. Use a 1-1/2 thousandths (.0015") shim and slide it along the top and bottom edge of the rule where it meets the saw blade. If the shim slides between the blade and the rule at either the top or bottom, the blade guides must be adjusted.
- 5. Safety. Ensure that all bolts are properly tightened and that all guards are in place before using the saw.

#### Maintenance

Caution: Disconnect the electrical supply and press emergency STOP button before performing any maintenance. DO NOT service the Frame Hydraulic Cylinder or Down Feed Valve unless the frame is in the DOWN position or resting on a mechanical stop, such as a block of wood.

#### Daily

- 1. Keep the saw clean and free of chips.
- 2. Maintain the coolant level and keep the coolant tank and filter clean of chip accumulation or sludge.

#### **Monthly**

- 1. Check, adjust and replace blade brush as needed.
- 2. Lubricate drive gears
- 3. Inspect carbide guides and bearings.
- 4. Inspect drive belt.
- 5. Clean coolant tank and filter as needed.

#### **Annually**

- 1. Check hydraulic oil level.
- 2. Replace guide rollers and carbide inserts.
- 3. Inspect gear box. Lubricate as needed.

#### Lubrication

Correct and adequate lubrication is a very important factor in determining the life and service of your Wellsaw. It is essential that all dust, dirt, chips, etc. be

# Operation of the Swivel Feature for Miter Cutting

The angle of the cut is adjustable from  $0^{\circ}$  (90°) to 60°. The angle is indicated by a pointer at the back of the chip pan and a large scale on the edge of the cutoff turntable. The saw head is locked into position by means of a control rod and locking block. There is a  $0^{\circ}$  stop on the back of the saw bed. *DO NOT ADJUST THIS STOP*.

To adjust the angle of the cut, loosen the angle lock handle, pull the saw head, while lining up the pointer to the desired angle shown on the scale. Then gently tighten the handle. The lock requires very little pressure to hold the head in place. DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN.

#### **Stock Stop Feature**

The saw is equipped with an adjustable stock stop for use when making repeated cuts of the same length. The stop length is adjusted with the same type of lock used on the saw head angle lock. The stop can be adjusted width-wise using the "T" handle on the lower portion of the support. The stop mechanism can also be swung completely out of the way. To do this, loosen the "T" handle two turns, lift up on the stop and let it down behind the saw.

thoroughly removed before lubricating the saw. The following lubrication recommendations cover usual saw applications. Heavy use and hostile environments may indicate more frequent lubrication for best saw performance.

#### Vise Screw, Ring Gear, Drive Pinion

- 1. Inspect Monthly.
- 2. Use anti-seize on Vise Screw and Nut
- 3. Use Extreme Pressure open gear lube on Ring Gear and Drive Pinion

#### **Gear Case**

- 1. Inspect after 3 years (6,000 hours).
- 2. Use Mobilgrease XHP 220 or equivalent.
- 3. Viscosity: Heavy Grease, drop point 550EF
- 4. Military Specification: None

#### Hydraulic Cylinder

- 1. Inspect annually. Fill to top of plug. Drain and replace every 5 years (10,000 hours).
- 2. Fill with Mobil Velocite Oil #6 or equivalent.
- 3. Viscosity at 100EF: SUS 57-61.
- 4. Military Specification: None.

#### Motor

- 1. Inspect annually. Re-lubricate every 2 years (4,000 hours) 1 to 2 full strokes.
- 2. Use Shell Dolium R or equivalent.
- 3. Viscosity: Heavy Grease, drop point 219EC.
- 4. Military Specification: None.

Recommended Service		
	<b>Kits for Insurance</b>	
	<b>Against Downtime</b>	
	1 year	
100133-004	Rotary Blade Brush	1 reqd.
For serial nu	ımbers before 6090 and afı	ter 6272
	2 year	
100416-001	Bearing	4 reqd.
152153	Top Carbide Guide	2 reqd.
105454-005	VS Belt	1 reqd.
100133-004	Rotary Blade Brush	1 reqd.
100166-450	Blade Brush V Belt	1 reqd.
106317	Fixed Carbide Guide	4 reqd.
101645-FP	Drive Pinion	1 reqd.
For serial numbers between 6090 and 6272		
2 year		
100406-001	Bearing	2 reqd.
100417-001	Bearing	2 reqd.
100416-001	Bearing	2 reqd.
152153	Top Carbide Guide	2 reqd.
105454-005	VS Belt	1 reqd.
100133-004	Rotary Blade Brush	1 reqd.
100166-450	Blade brush V Belt	1 reqd.
106317	Fixed Carbide Guide	4 reqd.
101645-FP	Drive Pinion	1 reqd.
	•	

# 1316S-SA Semi-Automatic Bandsaw Set-up and Operation

#### Items needed:

- 1. Electrical power
- 2. 7 gallons of water
- 3. Compressed air, 5 CFM @ 100 PSI
- 4. Air tool oil for air lubricator.

#### Prior to start-up

Warning! Do not lift saw frame with your hand! Saw frame is raised with a powered system.

- The saw should be placed on a level surface. This insures correct coolant flow. Leveling pads should be used if needed.
- 2. Have qualified electrician make the electrical connections.
- 3. Remove the shipping plug from the inlet port of the primary regulator (on left end) and attach shop air to the inlet. The primary regulator should be adjusted to 90-100psi. The air pressure is used to raise the saw head and power the vise.
- 4. The downfeed air regulator (on the top of the lifting cylinder) should be adjusted to 20 psi. See notes on Power Downfeed.
- 5. The air system lubricator (next to the primary air regulator) is shipped in the off position. Add a light oil to the reservoir and adjust to a minimum setting.
- 6. The sample coolant is shipped in the reservoir. The coolant pump needs to be removed from its packing box.

Mix ½ gallon of coolant with 7 gallons of water and pour into coolant pan.

### **Sequence of Operation**

Note: The Blade already has some cutting time. Blade break-in is not needed on first cut.

- 1. Pull the Emergency Stop button up to power the saw. Be sure the air system is charged and is set to proper pressure.
- 2. Press the Frame Raise button so that the blade clears the stock by 2". Adjust the collar on the control rod of the lifting cylinder so that it is just below the roller on the limit switch. Press the Frame Raise button until limit switch stops frame. (Repeat this adjustment at a later time until frame is in the desired position above stock.)
- 3. Turn the Vise Control knob to "Open". Pick up the lift handle on adjustable vise and pull the vise open enough to move stock into place. Adjust to allow part to move through without resistance.
- 4. Adjust the stock stop (back gauge) to desired cutoff length.
- 5. Push the vise close to the stock. The Lift Handle will fall into position. Turn vise hand wheel until vise is approximately 1/8" from stock.
- 6. Turn the Vise Control knob to "Close".

- 7. Press the Blade Start button and adjust the desired band speed (250 SFPM for mild steels.) Make this adjustment only with motor running.
- 8. Open the Coolant valves and note coolant flow to the blade. Slowly adjust coolant flow to the Idle End blade guide so that coolant just hangs off of the blade. Adjust coolant flow to the Drive End almost full open. This will flush chips off of blade.
- 9. Make first cut in manual mode to establish cutting rate. Set Feed Control knob to Zero position. With blade motor running press Frame Lower button. Open feed control knob to number 1. Note saw head descend and begin cutting. Keep cutting rate low during set-up. Cut only at a rate enough to produce good chips.

#### Note: Saw can be operated in the Manual mode or the Automatic Mode.

#### **Conditions for Automatic Cutting Cycle:**

- 1. Press the Frame Raise button to bring frame up to limit switch.
- 2. Adjust Vise Jaw, while in the open position, to allow the part to slide through without resistance.
- 3. Blade motor running. Press the Blade Start button.
- 4. Press the green Auto button. Vise will close and frame will descend.

#### **Automatic Sequence:**

- 1. Saw frame will descend through the cut.
- 2. Blade motor will stop at end of the cut.
- 3. Saw frame will raise to the preset position.
- 4. Vise will open. This is the end of the automatic cycle. At this point he saw is ready for either automatic or manual control.

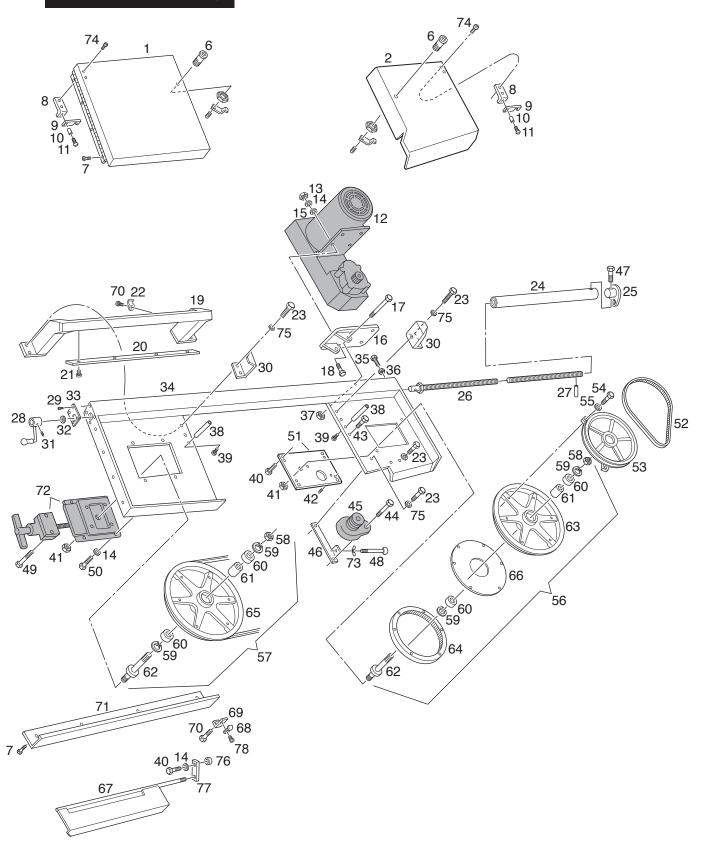
### **Cutting Pressure Control**

The cutting pressure is controlled by three features:

- 1. The **Frame Weight** crank handle. The primary cutting force comes from gravity. The counterbalance spring (at the back of the saw) compensates for the change in the weight of the saw frame as it moves from top to bottom. For start-up, turn to Minimum (decrease). The crank handle turns about 90 turns from maximum to minimum.
- 2. The **Power Downfeed** air pressure regulator. This provides positive downforce to the saw frame in addition to the force of gravity. Set at 10 PSI for set-up. This is useful to begin a cut of a large diameter.
- 3. The **Feed Control** knob. This adjusts the rate that the head will fall. Make set-up test cut at position 1.

These forces combine to put controlled cutting force on the blade. It is important to keep these forces in balance. Excessive Downfeed pressure will shorten the life of the blade or increase the risk of blade damage. Increasing any of these pressures will increase blade cutting force and should only be done in small increments. Always inspect the chips from the cut. Measure the cutting times and compare against known cutting rates. 05082013

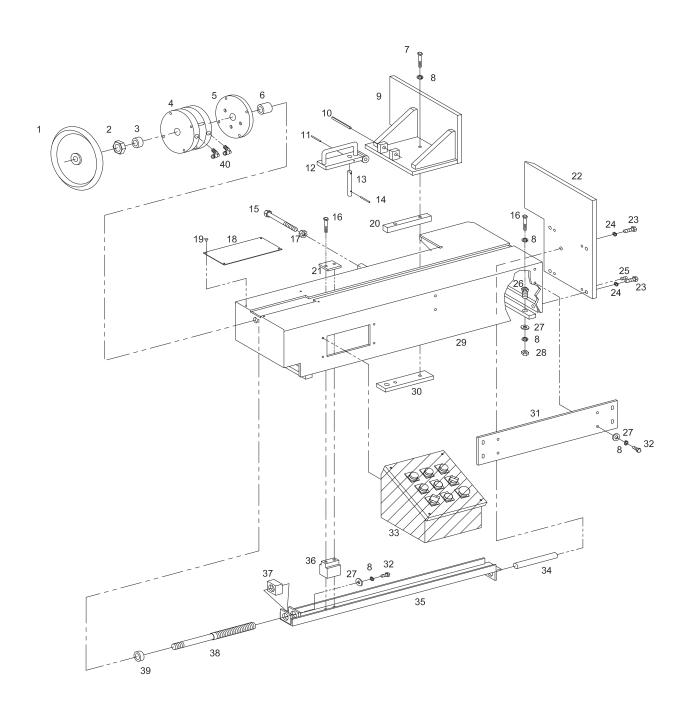
# **Frame Assembly**



# Frame Assembly

					Cocinibity
1	150146SERV	Idle Wheel Guard		Deute me	
_	150147SERV	Drive Wheel Guard	•		arked with diamond (*)
3	100013-005	Machine Screw, BH 10-32 x 3/8		are not us	ed after sn 7300
4	100024-002	Wing Nut, 1/4-20			
5	100025-003	Lockwasher, 3/8			Set Screw, 5/16-18 x 3/4
6	100135-002	1/4 Turn Fastener w/cam	43	100004-015	1 '
7	100013-010	Machine Screw, BH 1/4-20 x 1/4	44	100165-011	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8	150095	Door Catch Mtg Block	45		Blade Brush Ass'y. (page 34)
9	150096	Door Catch	46	150369	Blade Brush Arm
10	150182	Door Catch Sleeve	47	100008-018	Capscrew, Soc Hd 5/16-18 x 3/4
11	100013-009	Machine Screw, BH 10-32 x 1/2	48	100042-003	Thumb Screw, 1/4-20 x 2
12		Motor & Gear Box Ass'y. (page 32)	49	100004-055	Capscrew, HH 3/8-16 x 2-1/4
13	100017-002	Hex Nut, 5/16-18	50	100004-013	Capscrew, HH 5/16-18 x 5/8
14	100025-002	Lock Washer, 5/16	51	150022	Wheel Plate, Drive End
15	100029-003	Flat Washer, 5/16	52	100166-450	V- Belt
16	150248	Motor Mount Bracket	53	150144	Pulley, Large
17	100004-116	Capscrew, HH 1/2-13 x 4-1/2	54	100004-068	Capscrew, HH 1/4-20 x 1-1/4
18	100004-016	Capscrew, HH 5/16-18 x 7/8	55	100025-001	Lockwasher, 1/4
19	150280	Guide Beam Ass'y (standard 1316S	56	150087	Drive Wheel Ass'y for 1" Blades
	150318	Guide Beam Assy (1316S-EXT)			(includes 41,54,55,58-64, & 66)
20	150124	Guide Arm Track (standard 1316S)	57	150088	Idle Wheel Ass'y for 1" Blades
	150320	Guide Arm Track (1316S-EXT)			(includes 41,58-62 & 65)
21	100009-013	Capscrew, FH 5/16-18 x 1/2	58	100019-016	Hex Jam Nut, 5/8-18
22	100218-010	Clamp	59	100068-002	Snap Ring (2 req'd/ wheel)
23	100004-076	Capscrew, HH 3/8-16 x 3/4	60	100414-003	Ball Bearing (2 req'd/ wheel)
24	150104♦	Counter Balance Arm & Sleeve	61	105415	Spacer (1 req'd/ axle)
25	150411	Counter Bal Spring Attach.(1316S)	62	105420	Wheel Axle
	150336	Counter Bal Spring Attach. (EXT)	63	150059-001	Drive Wheel for 1" Blade
26	150114♦	Counter Balance Screw (1316S)			(includes items 59 thru 61)
	150315♦	Counter Balance Screw (EXT)	64	B-086	Internal Ring Gear
27	100053-021♦	Roll Pin, 3/16 x 7/8	65	150060-001	Idle Wheel for 1" Blade
28	150476♦	Crank			(includes items 59 - 61)
29	100049-001♦	Drive Screw #4	66	150405	Shield
30	155152	Door Catch Support	67	150157	Blade Guard Lower (standard 1316S)
31	100053-015♦	Roll Pin, 1/8 x 1"		150321	Blade Guard Lower (1316S-EXT)
32	100030-007♦	Flat Washer, 1/2 SAE	68	150414	Clamp
33	150231♦	Cutting Pressure Label	69	150154	Blade Guard Support
34	153085	Saw Frame (standard 1316S)	70	105537	Spacer
	150316	Saw Frame (1316S-EXT)	71	150273	Blade Guard, upper (standard 1316S)
35	100004-030	Capscrew, HH 3/8-16 x 1-1/2		150314	Blade Guard, upper (1316S-EXT)
36	100019-004	Hex Nut, 3/8-16	72		Rite Tension® Blade Tension & Slide Block
37	100023-004	Nylon Lock Nut, 1/2-13			Ass'y (see page 30)
	150160	Door Latch Stud	74	100871-014	Emergency stop switch located
	100004-015	Capscrew, HH 5/16-18 x 3/4			on top of frame (not pictured)
	100004-020	Capscrew, HH 5/16-18 x 1-1/4	77	150158	Blade Guard Mounting Block
	100065-007	Hex Nut, 5/8-18		100013-006	Cap Screw, BH 1/4-20 x 1/2
					•

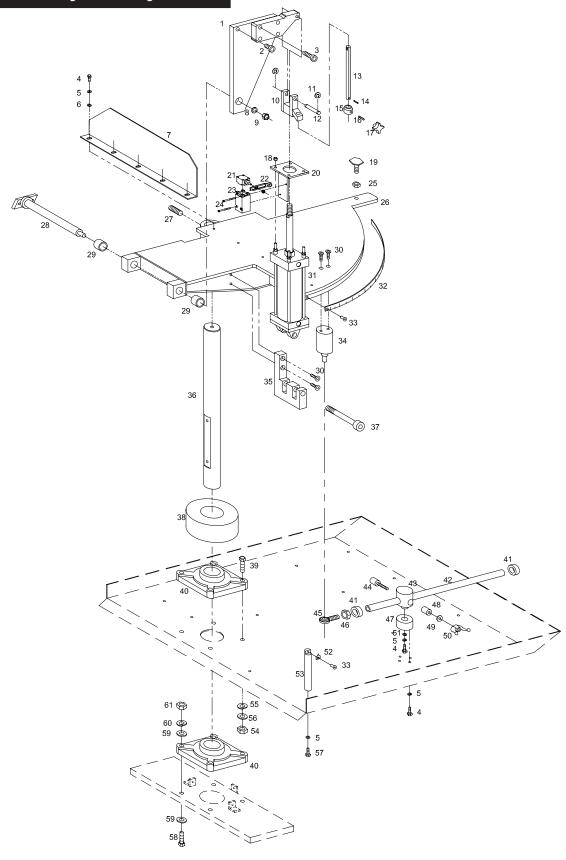
# BED ASSEMBLY



# BED ASSEMBLY

1	B-093	HAND WHEEL
2	100019-028	HEX JAM NUT, 3/4-10
3	102886	SET COLLAR
4	107317	VISE CYLINDER
5	152105	CYLINDER MOUNTING PLATE
6	152104	SPACER
7	100004-023	CAP SCREW 5/16-18 X 2
8	100004 023	LOCK WASHER, 5/16
9	153005	MOVEABLE VISE JAW
10	100053-002	ROLL PIN 1/8 X 2-1/2
11	100053-002	ROLL PIN 1/8 X 1-3/8
12	150091	LIFT PLATE
13	150094	VISE DRIVE PIN
14	100053-009	ROLL PIN, 1/8 X 5-8
15	1000035 005	CAP SCREW , SH, 1/2-13 X 4-1/2
16	100003 081	CAP SCREW, 6/16-18 X 2-1/4
17	100004 055	HEAVY HEX JAM NUT 1/2-13
18	153056	BED COVER PLATE
19	100000-018	MACHINE SCREW, RH, 10-32 X 3/8
20	153078	VISE JAW KEY
21	150097	CLAMP PLATE
22	153010	STATIONARY VISE JAW
23	100004-029	CAP SCREW, 3/8-16 X 1-1/4
24	100004 023	LOCK WASHER, 3/8
25	100025 005	SET SCREW, SH, 5/16-18 X 3/4
26	210273	ADJUSTMENT SCREW
27	100030-007	FLAT WASHER 1/2
28	101300	HEX NUT 5/16
29	153011	SAW BED
30	153082-002	SLIDE BLOCK PLATE
31	153073	CONVEYOR MOUNTING PLATE
32	100004-015	CAP SCREW, 5/16-18 X 3/4
33	100004-013	CONTROL SWITCH ASSY (PAGE 35)
34	153054	PUSH CHANNEL SUPPORT ROD
35	153034	VISE PUSH CHANNEL
36	150098	SLIDE BLOCK
		VISE SCREW NUT
37 38	M-061B 150286	VISE SCREW
	100402	THRUST COLLAR
39 40		
40	100357-004	PUSH IN FITTINGS

# Table Assembly and Cylinder

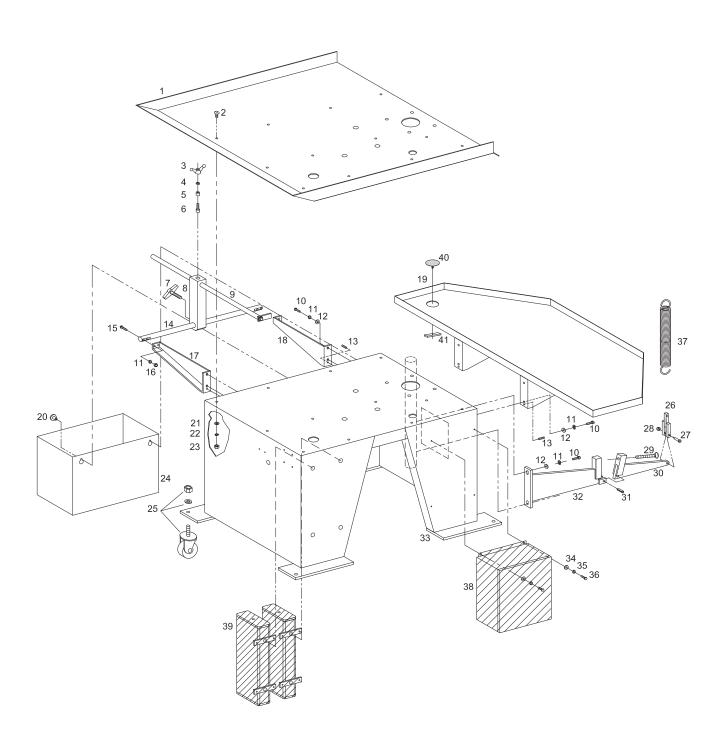


# **Table Assembly and Cylinder**

1 150517	PIVOT ARM WELDMENT		
2 100008-006	CAP SCREW, SH 3/8-16 X 1		
3 100008-016	CAP SCREW, SH 3/8-16 X 1-3/4		
4 100004-015	CAP SCRW, HH 5/16-18 X 3/4		
5 100025-002	LOCK WASHER 5/16		
6 100029-003	FLAT WASHER 5/16	48 155190-001	
7 153057	STOCK GUIDE	49 100030-005	FLAT WASHER 3/8 SAE
8 100029-008	FLAT WASHER 5/16	50 155205-002	WING NUT
9 100017-007	LOCK NUT, 5/8-11	51 M-041	VISE RATCHET GUIDE WASHER
10 153070	CLEVIS WELDMENT	52 210335	POINTER
11 100069-019	SNAP RING (2 REQUIRED)	53 153080	POINTER ROD
12 152164	CLEVIS PIN	54 100019-027	HEX JAM NUT 5/8-11
13 152097	SWITCH TRIP ROD	55 100025-007	LOCK WASHER 5/8 SAE
14 100053-021	ROLL PIN 3/16 X 7/8	56 100030-009	FLAT WASHER 3/8 SAE
15 152098	SWITCH TRIP COLLAR	57 100004-076	CAP SCREW HH 3/8-16
16 100034-040	SET SCREW SH 1/4-20 X 1	58 100004-039	CAP SCREW HH 1/2-13 X 2
17 100139-003	KNOB, 4 PRONG, BLACK	59 100030-007	FLAT WASHER 1/2
18 100019-029	HEX JAM NUT 3/8-24	60 100025-005	LOCK WASHER 1/2
19 104604	LEVELER	61 100019-027	HEX JAM NUT 1/2-13
20 152093-001	SWITCH BRACKET PLATE	62 100243-003	GREASE FITTING FOR 153037
21 100782-017T	LIMIT SWITCH HEAD		TABLE LOCK SWIVEL
22 100782-015T	LIMIT SWITCH LEVER		(NOT SHOWN)
23 100782-016T	LIMIT SWITCH BODY		
24 100008-068	CAP SCREW SH 10-32 X 1-1/4		
25 101300	HEX NUT 5/16-18		
26 153040	FRAME SUPPORT & ROTARY TIP OFF	=	
27 100039-004	SET SCREW HALF DOG 3/8-16 X 1		
28 150276	PIVOT BAR WELDMENT		
29 100419-041	SLEEVE BEARING		
30 100009-006	CAP SCREW FH 3/8-16 X 1		
31 099000-020	CYLINDER 3.25 BORE USED AFTER S	N 9827	
099000-008	CYLINDER 2.5 BORE USED BEFORE	SN 9826	
32 153025	PROTRACTOR		
33 100013-005	CAP SCREW BH 10-32 X 3/8		
34 153035	TABLE LOCK BAR		
35 150486	CYLINDER MOUNT		
36 153055	POST, FRAME SUPPORT		
37 100008-097	CAP SCREW HH 5/8-11 X 2-1/2		
38 153024	FLANGE BEARING COVER		
39 100004-043	CAP SCREW HH 5/8-11 X 2-1/2		
40 100452-002	FLANGE BEARING		
41 098030-011	COLLAR W/ SET SCREW		
42 153039	SHAFT FOR TABLE LOCK		
43 153037	TABLE LOCK SWIVEL		
44 155203	WEDGE AND BOLT ASSEMBLY		
45 098081	BALL JOINT		
46 400065 007	LIEV NUIT E/O 10		

46 100065-007 HEX NUT 5/8-18

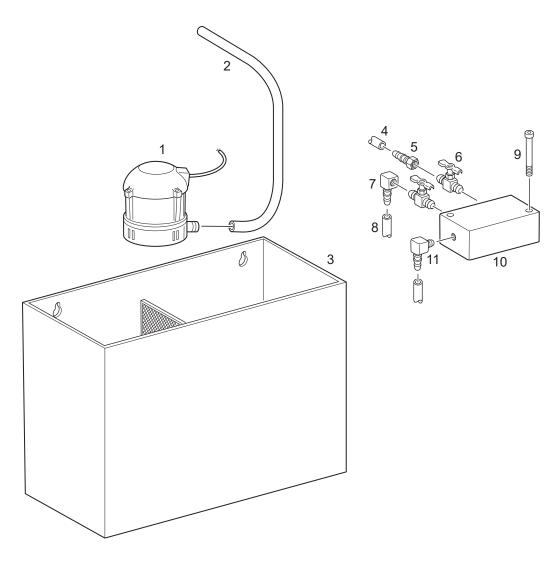
# **Base Assembly**



# BASE ASSEMBLY

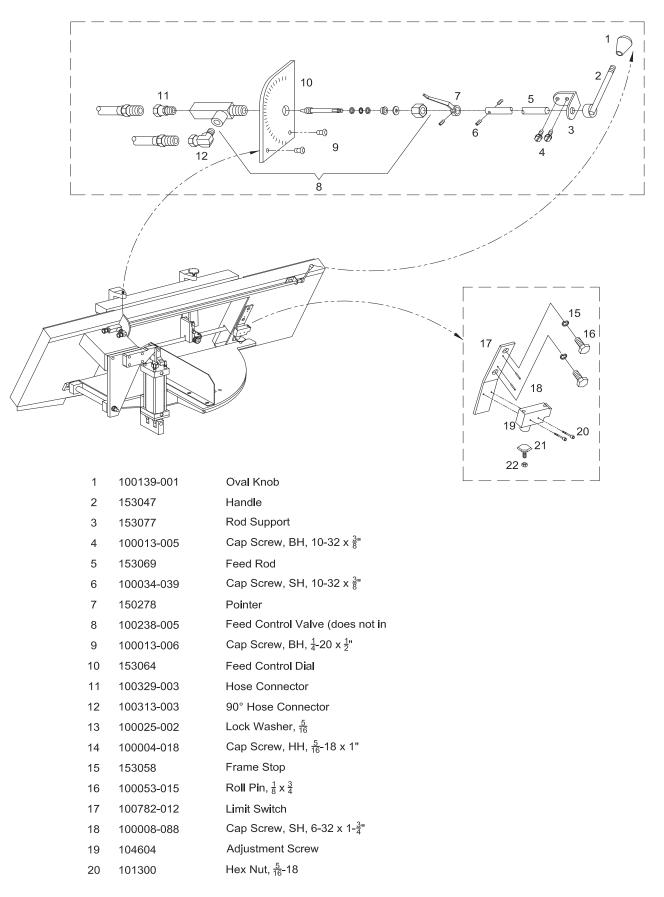
1	153023	CHIP PAN
2	100013-015	CAP SCREW, BH, 3/8-16 X 1
3	155205-002	WING NUT
4	100030-005	FLAT WASHER 3/8
5	155190-001	WEDGE
6	155203	WEDGE & BOLT ASSY
7	155201	HANDLE & SCREW ASSY
8	153060	BAR & STOCK STOP
9	153076	STOCK STOP ROD
10	100004-018	CAP SCREW, HH, 5/16-18 X 1
11	100025-002	LOCK WASHER 5/16
12	100030-004	FLAT WASHER 5/16
13	100034-005	SET SCREW 5/16-18 X 3/4
14	153067	STOCK STOP ROD
15	100004-020	CAP SCREW, HH, 5/16-18 X 1-1/4
16	100017-002	HEX NUT, 5/16-18
17	153065	STOCK STOP SUPPORT, RH
18	153066	STOCK STOP SUPPORT, LH
19	153031	LOWER CHIP PAN
20	150078	COOLANT TANK HANGER
21	100030-005	FLAT WASHER 3/8
22	100025-003	LOCK WASHER 3/8
23	100015-017	HEX NUT 3/8-16
24	150066	COOLANT TANK (SEE PAGE 22)
25	100133-003	CASTER SET 2 LOCKING, 2 NON-LOCKING
26	150500	SPRING ANCHOR LINK
27	100165-011	SHOULDER BOLT 3/8 X 1-1/2
28	100023-007	NYLON LOCK NUT
29	100042-008	THUMB SCREW 1/2-13 X 4
30	153105	SPRING ANCHOR ARM, OUTBOARD
31	100053-041	ROLL PIN 3/8 X 1-1/4
32	153108	SPRING ANCHOR ARM, INBOARD
33	153022	LEG WELDMENT
34	100029-002	FLAT WASHER 1/4 USS
35	100025-001	LOCK WASHER 1/4
36	100004-004	CAP SCREW, HH, 1/4-20 X 1/2
37	150466	SPRING
38		ELECTRICAL BOX (SEE PAGE 35 & 36)
39		HYDRAULIC RESERVOIR (PAGE 24 & 25)
40	152245	DRAIN SCREEN
41	152246	DRAIN SCREEN BRACKET

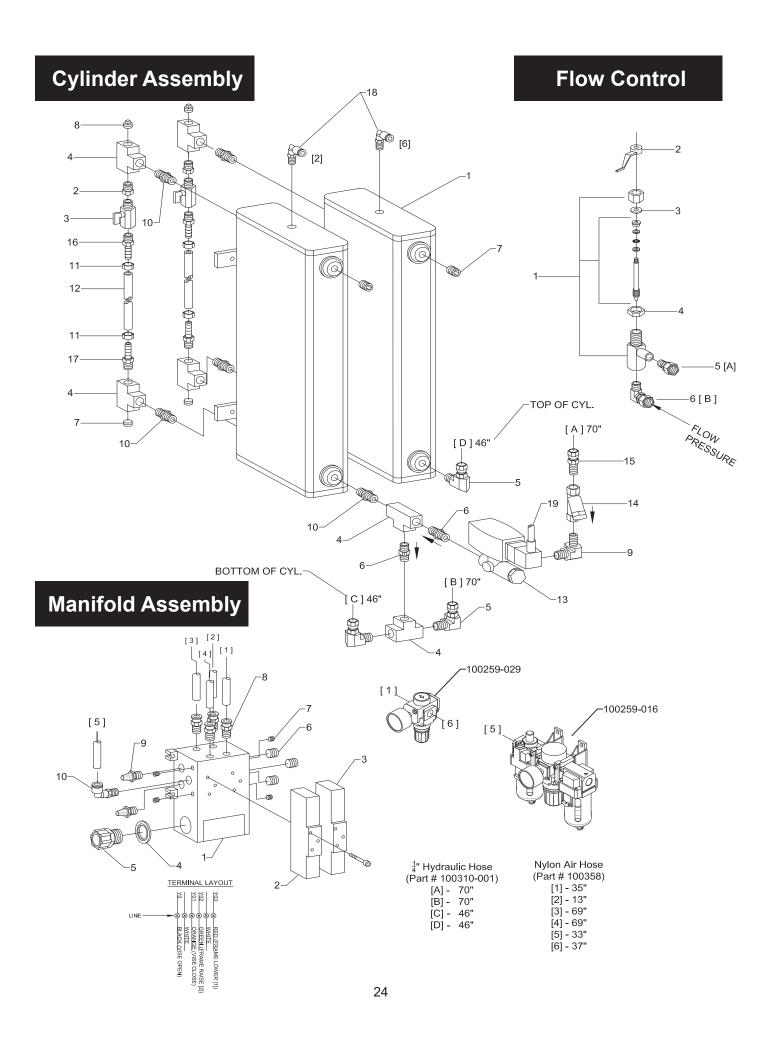
# Coolant System



1	100249-010	Coolant Pump
2	100220-070	Coolant Hose from Pan 166"
3	150066	Coolant Tank w/ filter
4	100350-040	Coolant Hose, I.E. 1/4" x 40" for 1316S-SA
	100350-068	Coolant Hose, I.E. 1/4" x 68" for 1316S-SA-EXT
5	100324-003	Hose Barb, 1/4"
6	100226-004	Needle Valve
7	100324-009	Hose Barb, 1/4" 90 degree
8	100350-018	Coolant Hose, D.E. 1/4" x 18"
9	100008-068	Cap Screw, Button Head, 10-32 x 1-1/4"
10	152167	Coolant Manifold
11	100324-010	Hose Barb, 3/8 90 degree
12	2 152177-002	Coolant Manifold Assembly (includes items 5-7 & 10)

## **Down Feed Assembly**





### **Flow Control**

CONTROL VALVE ASSV

# **Cylinder Assembly**

1	099040-002	RESERVOIR (2 REQUIRED)
2	100208-001	REDUCING BUSHING, 1/4 X 1/8NPT (2 REQ'D)
3	100226-004	MINIATURE BALL VALVE 1/4 M X 1/8 F (2 REQ'D)
4	100333-001	BRASS TEE, 1/4 X 1/4 NPT (6 REQUIRED)
5	100313-003	ELBOW, 90°, 1/4 NPT - 3/8JIC (3 REQUIRED)
6	100325	CHECK VALVE, 1/4 X 1/4NPT (2 REQUIRED)
7	100211-001	PLUG, 1/4 NPT (4 REQUIRED)
8	100211-002	PLUG, 1/4 NPT SQ HEAD (2 REQUIRED)
9	100349-002	ELBOW, 90°, 1/4 NPT
10	100332-001	NEX NIPPLE, 1/4 NPT (5 REQUIRED)
11	100219-004	HOSE CLAMP (4 REQUIRED)
12	100346-001	HOSE, BRAIDED (2 REQUIRED)
13	100673-042	SOLENOID VALVE
14	100237-002	STRAINER
15	100329-001	SWIVEL FITTING, 1/4 STRAIGHT
16	100324-004	BARB FITTING, 1/8 NPT - 3/8 BARB (2 REQUIRED)
17	100324-003	BARB FITTING, 1/4 NPT - 3/8 BARB (2 REQUIRED)
18	100357-003	PUSH IN FITTING, 90° ELBOW
19	100673-039	DIN CONNECTOR W/CORD

1 100238-005	CONTROL VALVE ASSY	
2 150278	POINTER	
0 400000 000	NIV (I CALLAMA CHED	

NYLON WASHER 3 100238-003 4 100238-004 HEX PANEL NUT

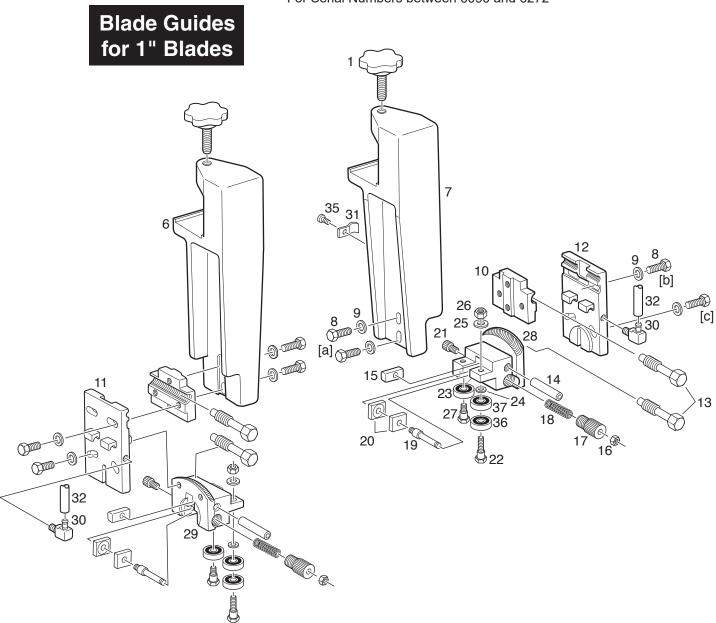
5 100329-001 SWIVEL FITTING, 1/4 X 1/4 NPT SWIVEL FITTING, 90° 1/4 X 1/4 NPT 6 100256-001

# **Manifold Assembly**

2 STATION MANIFOLD ASSY (INCLUDES 2 & 3) 1 099260 2 099004-002 SOLENOID VALVE - VISE 3 099004-005 SOLENOID VALVE - FRAME RAISE 4 100606-002 SEALING RING 5 100612-019 CONNECTOR, 3/4 6 100211-011 PIPE PLUG, 1/4 NPT, SOC HEAD (3 REQUIRED) 7 100211-022 PIPE PLUG, 1/8 NPT, SCO HEAD (4 REQUIRED) 8 100357-001 PUSH IN FITTING, STRAIGHT (4 REQUIRED) 9 100317-021 EXHAUST MUFFLER, 1/4 (2 REQUIRED)

10 100357-003 PUSH IN FITTING, 90° ELBOW

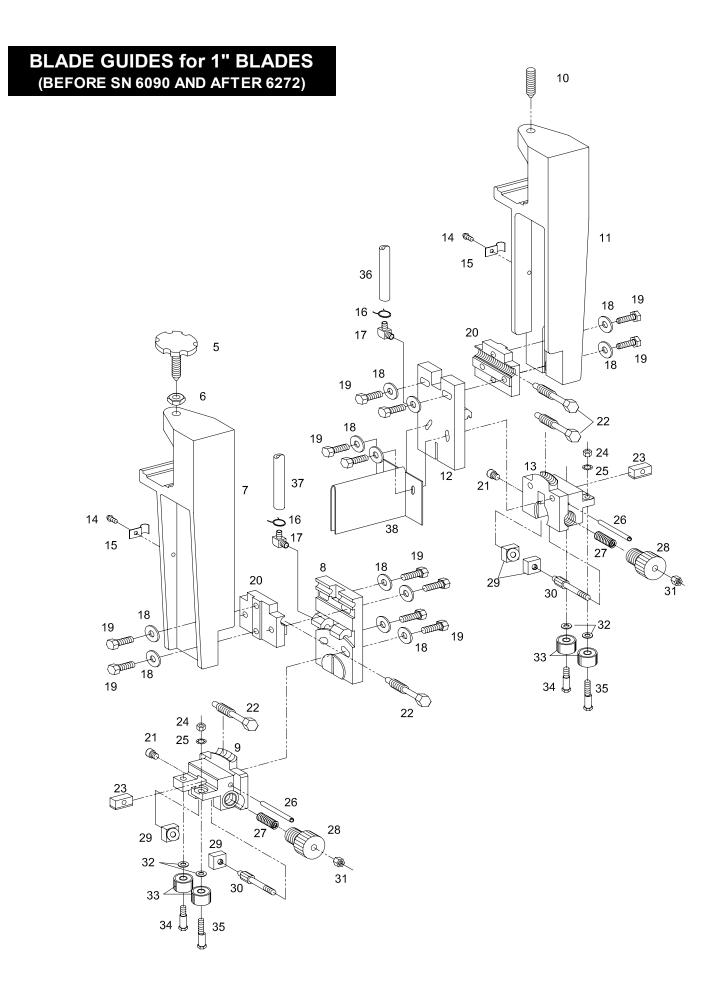




Blade Guides for 1" Blade

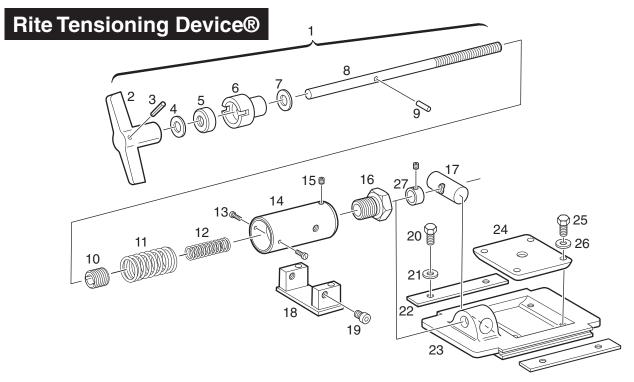
For serial #'s between 6090 and 6272. Serial numbers before and after, use single bearings 100416-001 (SEE NEXT PAGE)

1	152158-003	Blade Guide Ass'y, D.E. between 6090 and 6272
2	152158-005 152159-003	(includes items 5 - 31& 35 - 37, minus 7,12,& 28) Blade Guide Assy, D.E. before 6090 and after 6272 Blade Guide Ass'y, I. E. between 6090 and 6272 (includes items 5 thru 31& 35 - 37 minus 6,11& 29)
3	152159-001 152160-003	Blade Guide Assy, I.E. before 6090 and after 6272 Guide Support Ass'y, D.E. between 6090 and 6272 (includes items 13 thru 27 plus 29, 36 & 37)
4	152160-001 152161-003	Guide Support Assy, D.E. before 6090 and after 6272 Guide Support Ass'y, I.E. between 6090 and 6272 (includes items 13 thru 28 plus 36 & 37)
	152161-001	Guide Support Assy, I.E. before 6090 and after 6272
5	105335-001	Hand Wheel & Screw
6	152118	Roller Guide Bracket, D.E.
7	152117	Roller Guide Bracket, I.E.
8	100004-018	Cap Screw, HH 5/16-18 x 1
9 10	100029-002	Flat Washer, 1/4
	152155 152121-002	Vertical Adjusting Block Horizontal Adjusting Block, I.E.
12	152121-002	Horizontal Adjusting Block, D.E.
	152151	Adjusting Bolt
	100053-036	Roll Pin, 1/4 x 2 (later S/N's)
	152153	Carbide Back up Guide Block
	100023-006	Nylon Lock Nut, 1/4-20
	152156 100136-009	Adjusting Knob Spring
	152157	Stud
	106317	Fixed Carbide Guide
21	100008-004	Cap Screw, HH 5/16-18 x 5/8
22	150465	Eccentric Roller Axle between 6090 and 6272
	B-109	Eccentric Roller Axle before 6090 and after 6272
	100416-001	Bearing s/n before 6090 and after 6272 uses 4 of these and no others
	100097-001	Roller Guide Washer
	100027-005	Lock Washer, Shakeproof
	101300	Hex Nut, 5/16-18
	B-043	Roller Axle
	152119	Guide Support, I.E.
	152120	Guide Support, D.E.
	100324-009	Hose Barb, 1/4" hose, 90 deg
31	100218-018	Tubing Clamp, 3/8
	100350-018	Coolant Hose, D.E. 1/4" x 18"
33	100350-040	Cooant Hose, I.E. 1/4" x 40"
	100350-068	Coolant Hose, I.E. for 1316S-EXTEND 1/4" x 68"
	100013-005	Machine Screw, BH 10-32 x 3/8
	100417-001	Bearing only used between 6090 and 6272
	100406-001	Bearing only used between 6090 and 6272
	100035-013	Set screw
38	150484	Blade Guard



# BLADE GUIDES for 1" BLADES (BEFORE SN 6090 AND AFTER 6272)

1	152158-005	BLADE GUIDE ASS'Y , DRIVE END	BL
		(BEFORE 6090 AND AFTER 6272)	(B
		INCLUDES 10 - 35 (LESS 16)	
2	152159-001	BLADE GUIDE ASS'Y , IDLE END	
		(BEFORE 6090 AND AFTER 6272)	
		INCLUDES 5 - 9 & 14 - 35 (LESS 16)	
3	152160-001	GUIDE SUPPORT ASS'Y, DRIVE END	
		(BEFORE 6090 AND AFTER 6272)	
		INCLUDES 13 & 21 - 35	
4	152161-001	GUIDE SUPPORT ASS'Y, IDLE END	
		(BEFORE 6090 AND AFTER 6272)	
		INCLUDES 9 & 21 - 35	
5	105335-001	HAND WHEEL & SCREW ASSEMBLY	
6	100019-005	HEX JAM NUT, 1/2-13	
7	152118	ROLLER GUIDE BRACKET, IDLE END	
8	152121-002	HORIZONTAL ADJUSTING BLOCK, D.E.	
9	152120	GUIDE SUPPORT, I.E.	
10	100035-013	SET SCREW, SH, 1/2-13 X 1-1/4	
11	152117	ROLLER GUIDE BRACKET, DRIVE END	
12	152121-003	HORIZONTAL ADJUSTING BLOCK, I.E.	
13	152119	GUIDE SUPPORT, D.E.	
14	100013-005	CAP SCREW, SH, 10-32 X $\frac{3}{8}$	
15	100218-018	CLAMP	
16	100219-002	HOSE CLAMP	
17	100324-009	HOSE BARB, 4" HOSE, 90°	
18	100029-002	FLAT WASHER	
19	100004-018	CAP SCREW, HH, 5/16-18 X 1	
20	152155	VERTICAL ADJUSTING BLOCK	
21	100008-004	CAP SCREW, SH, 5/16-18 X $\frac{5}{8}$	
22	152151	ADJUSTING BOLT	
23	152153	CARBIDE BACK UP GUIDE	
24	101300	HEX NUT, 5/6-18	
25	100027-005	LOCK WASHER, SHAKEPROOF	
26	100053-036	ROLL PIN, $\frac{1}{4}$ X 2	
27	100136-009	SPRING	
28	152156	ADJUSTING KNOB	
29	106317	FIXED CARBIDE GUIDE	
30	152157	STUD	
31	100023-006	NYLON LOCK NUT, 1/4-20	
32	100097-001	FLAT WASHER	
33	100416-001	GUIDE BEARING (BEFORE 6090 AND AFTER 6272)	
34	B-043	ROLLER AXLE	
35	B-109	ECCENTRIC ROLLER AXLE	
00	B 100	(BEFORE 6090 AND AFTER 6272)	
36	100350-018	COOLANT HOSE, DRIVE END	
37	100350-040	COOLANT HOSE, IDLE END	
	100350-068	COOLANT HOSE, IDLE END FOR 1316S EXTER	NDED
38	150484	BLADE GUARD	



Calibrating the WELLSAW RITE-TENSION ® Blade Tensioning Device

The Rite-Tension® device is a simple turn counter that is activated by blade tension and can be easily adjusted in the field.

\*Please review the operation instructions before making any adjustment:\*

#### 1. LOOSENING

When replacing a worn or broken blade always turn the "T" handle out at least six (6) turns (counter-clockwise).

This will reset the device. *Always* **push-in** on the handle when loosening, this will insure that the internal counter is engaged.

Always pull out on the "T" handle when tightening the device (clockwise). After a number of turns the "T" handle will come to a hard stop.

At this point the blade will be properly tensioned. Do not force the unit beyond this point.

*Note:* If the mechanism does not seem to come to a hard stop but continues to tighten, stop and repeat steps one and two. Check to make sure the blade is properly positioned on the band wheels and is not binding in the guides during the tightening process.

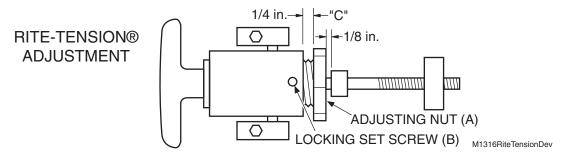
#### Calibration

The final tension is determined by the Adjusting Nut, pn 150070 (see "A" in drawing). The "rough" position can be checked by measuring the clearance between the nut and the Tensioning Housing, pn 150067, (see "C").

A clearance of 1/4" will be within a safe range of the correct tension. When a tension guage becomes available the device should be calibrated as follows: Loosen the set screw (B) one turn.

-If the band tension needs to be *increased* the adjusting nut should be turned out, one flat at a time, then the set screw tightened and the device rechecked.

-If the tension needs to be *decreased* the adjusting nut should be turned in, one flat at a time and rechecked. The device must be in the "loosened" or "open" position to make this adjustment.



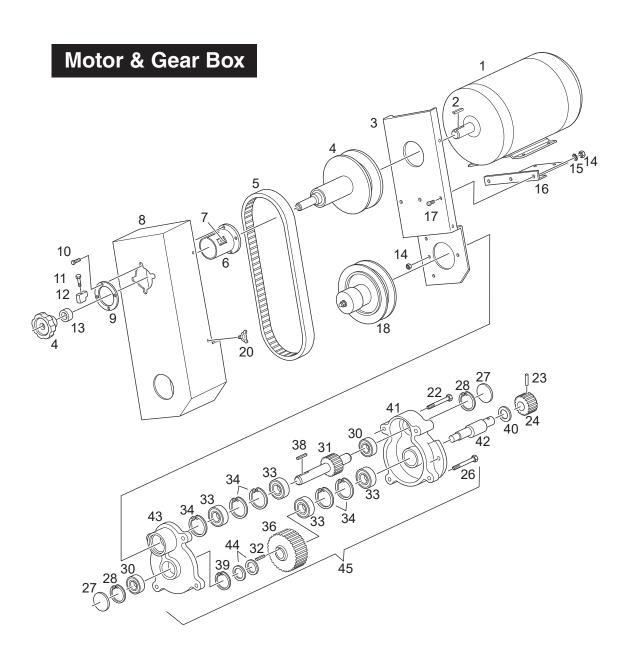
# Rite Tensioning Device®

#### Caution:

The Rite Tension ® blade tensiong device has been factory calibrated for your saw.

When re-tightening or replacing a blade, the 'T' handle must be turned counter-clockwise at least six turns to reset the Rite Tension ® mechenism.

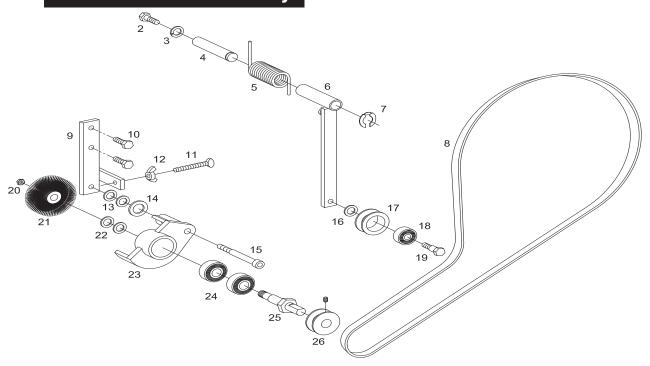
1	150075	Blade Tensioning Ass'y
		(includes items 2 thru 17 and 27)
2	101184	Take Up Screw Handle
3	100053-005	Roll Pin, 3/16 x 1
4	100030-007	Flat Washer, 1/2
5	100410-001	Thrust Bearing
6	150068	Bearing Housing
7	100116-007	Belleville Washer (2 req'd)
8	150074	Take Up Screw (includes items 2 & 9)
9	100052-026	Dowel Pin, 3/16 x 11/16
10	150069	Turn Counter
11	100136-006	Spring, Large Diameter
12	100136-001	Spring, Small Diameter
13	100000-010	Machine Screw, 8-32 x 5/16 (2 req'd)
14	150067	Blade Tension Housing
15	100034-008	Set Screw, 1/4-20 x 1/4
16	150070	Tension Adjuster
17	155068	Swivel Nut
18	150190	Tensioner support
19	100008-072	Cap Screw, HH 5/16-18 x 3/8 (2 req'd)
20	100004-013	Cap Screw, HH 5/16-18 x 5/8 (4 req'd)
21	100025-002	Lock Washer, 5/16 (4 req'd)
22	B-046	Slide Block Guide, (2 req'd)
23	101164	Slide Block
24	B-010	Wheel Adjusting Block
25	100004-019	Cap Screw, HH 5/16-18 x 1-1/8 (4 req'd)
26	102360	Spacer (4 req'd)
27	098030-004	Collar, w/ set screw



#### **Motor & Gear Box**

```
100835-037
                  Motor, 3 HP TEFC, 3/4" shaft 3 phase - for s/n before 6559, need new pulley -021 too.
   100836-030
                  Motor, 2 HP, 115-220/60/1
2
   100056-037 Key
                  Belt Guard. Bottom Plate
3 150250
4 105451-008
                  VS Motor Pulley, 7/8" bore, 3 Ph old style (before s/n 6559)
   105451-021
                  VS Motor Pulley, 3/4" bore used after s/n 6559 or if replacement motor is needed.
   105451-005
                  VS Motor Pulley, 5/8" bore, 1 Ph (all include hand wheel 407-712)
   407-712
                  Handle/ knob only (without pulley)
  105454-005
                  Variable Speed Belt
                  Sleeve
6 150252
                  Blade Speed Label
7
  105688
                  Belt Guard
8 150251
9 150255
                  Flange Clamp
10 100013-008
                  Cap Screw, BH 1/4-20 x 3/8
                  Cap Screw, SH 1/4-28 x 3/4
11 100008-087
                  Blade Speed Indicator
12 150256
13 150217
                  Spacer
                  Hex Nut, 1/4-20
14 100017-001
15 100026-004
                  Shake Proof Washer, 1/4
                  Belt Guard Support
16 150249
                  Machine Screw, 1/4-20 x 1/2
17 100155-001
                  VS Driven Pulley w/step key, 3/4" bore
18 105451-015
                  Thumb Screw (4 req'd)
20 100063
22 100008-086
                 Cap Screw, SH 1/4-20 x 2
                  Coiled Spring Pin
23 100180-001
                  Drive Pinion
24 101645-FP
26 100008-061
                  Cap Screw, SH 1/4-20 x 1-1/2
27 100072-001
                  Expansion Plug
28 100068-001
                  Snap Ring
30 100404-002
                  Ball Bearing
31 150234
                  Pulley Shaft & Pinion
32 100056-001
                  Key
33 100414-003
                  Bearing
34 100068-002
                  Snap Ring
36 101286S
                  Driven Gear - Steel
38 105451-017
                  Step Key
                  External Snap Ring
39 100069-003
40 150416
                  Spacer
41 150424
                  Case
42 150426
                  Drive Shaft
43 150425
                  Gear Case Cover
44 100097-003
                  Washer (shim as needed)
45 150423
                  Gear Box Ass'y
```

# **Blade Brush Assembly**

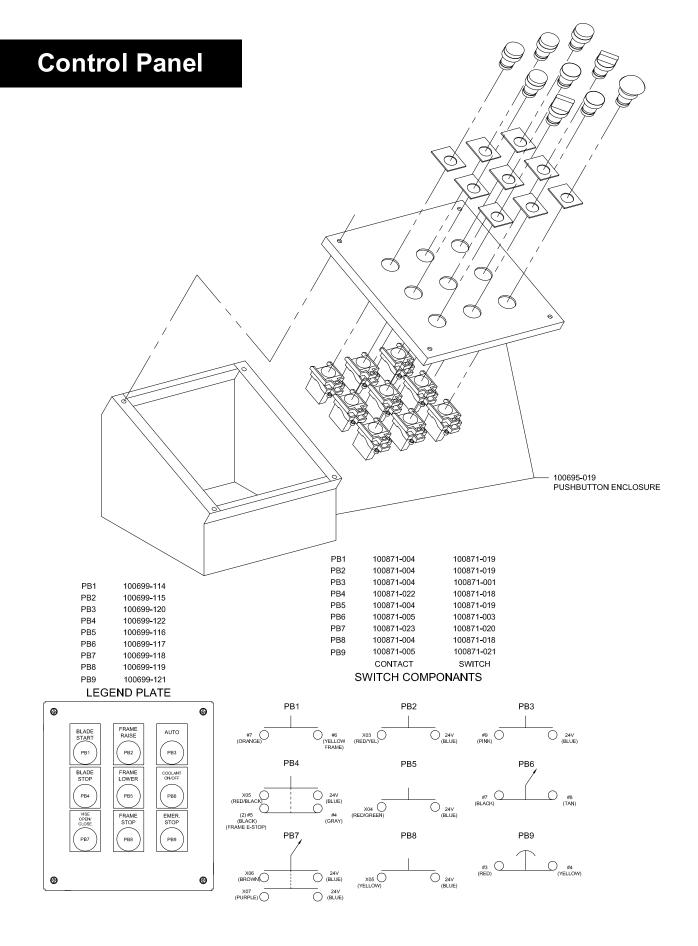


Note: Adjust thumb screw (11) so that the brush makes light contact with the blade. This avoids dulling the blade and prevents premature brush wear.

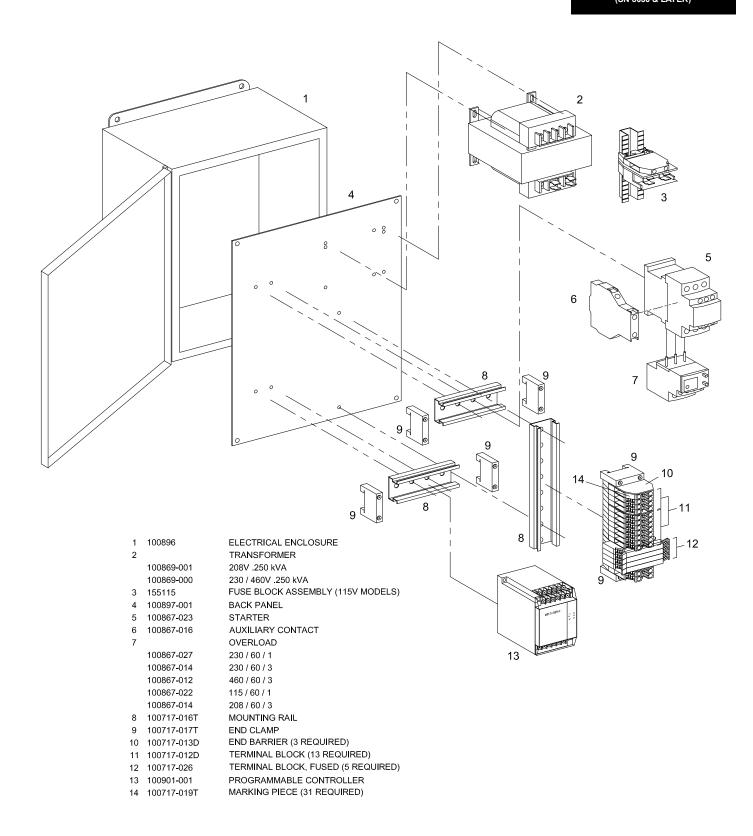
Pulley, belt idler

17 150361

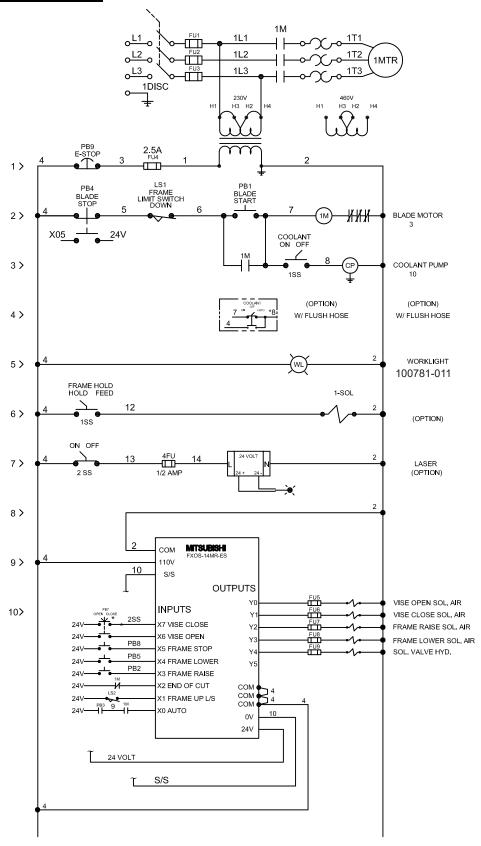
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	100165-007 100004-018 100025-002 150160-002 150360 150364 100069-003 100166-450 150369 100004-015 100042-003 100024-002 100029-002	Shoulder bolt, 3/8 x 3/8 Cap Screw, HH 5/16-18 x 1 Lockwasher, 5/16 Door Latch Stud Spring Belt Tension Arm Snap Ring V' Belt Blade Brush Arm Cap Screw, HH 5/16-18 x 3/4 Thumb Screw, 1/4-20 x 2 Wing Nut, 1/4-20 Flat Washer 1/2 USS (2 required) Flat Washer 3/8 SAE	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	100019-005 100133-004 100030-007 150257 100404-001	Bearing Axle Hex Jam Nut 1/2-20 Blade Brush Flat Washer 1/2 USS (2 required) Brush Housing Bearing (2 required) Brush Arbor Small Pulley w/ set screw BLADE BRUSH ASSEMBLY (includes items 20-26)
15	100165-015	Shoulder Bolt 3/8 x 1-3/4			
16	100097-001	Washer			



# ELECTRIC PANEL COMPONENTS (SN 8030 & LATER)



# Electrical Schematic



FU5 - 9 = 1 AMP FUSE



Charle Dissansians	^	411		211	2"	CII		CIL	
Stock Dimensions	0 - 1"		1" - 3"		3" - 6"		6"+		
Tooth Pitch	10/14, 8/12		8/12,	8/12, 6/10, 5/8		5/8, 4/6, 3/4, 3 Sabre		3/4, 2/3, 2 Sabre, 1 Tooth, 3/4" T.S.	
Matarial (Armanlad)	Diada	O#:	Diada	O. 445	Disala	O445			
Material (Annealed)	Blade	Cutting	Blade	Cutting	Blade	Cutting	Blade	Cutting	
	Speed (SFPM)	Rate (SIPM)	Speed	Rate	Speed	Rate	Speed	Rate	
Carbon Steels	(SFPIVI)	(SIPIVI)	(SFPM)	(SIPM)	(SFPM)	(SIPM)	(SFPM)	(SIPM)	
1008-1013	250	8 - 10	275	9 - 12	280	12 - 15	250	9 - 12	
1015-1018	250	8 - 10	275	9 - 12	250	12 - 15	230	9 - 12	
1048-1065	200	5 - 7	200	5 - 7	175	8 - 10	150	6-8	
1065-1095 Free Machining Steels	200	4 - 6	200	5 - 7	150	6 - 8	120	6 - 8	
1108-1111	200	9 - 11	330	12 - 14	275	13 - 15	220	11 - 14	
	300				275		220		
1112-1113	300	8 - 11	330	11 - 13	275	12 - 15	220	12 - 15	
1115-1132	300	7 - 11	330	10 - 13	275	13 - 16	220	11 - 14	
1137-1151	275	6 - 8	250	8 - 10	250	8 - 11	200	7 - 10	
1212-1213	300	8 - 10	320	11 - 13	300	13 - 15	255	11 - 14	
Manganese Steels	050		0.50		000	0 44	4==		
1320-1330	250	5 - 7	250	5 - 8	200	8 - 11	175	7 - 10	
1335-1345	250	5 - 7	225	5 - 7	200	7 - 9	175	5 - 8	
Nickel Chrome Steels									
3115-3130	260	4 - 6	260	5 - 7	230	5 - 7	225	5 - 7	
3135-3150	220	4 - 6	200	4 - 7	180	6 - 8	150	5 - 8	
3310-3315	200	3 - 4	180	4 - 5	180	5 - 7	160	4 - 6	
Molybdenum Steels									
4017-4024	300	3 - 5	270	4 - 7	250	6 - 8	220	5 - 8	
4032-4042	300	3 - 5	270	4 - 7	250	6 - 8	230	5 - 8	
4047-4068	250	3 - 5	220	4 - 6	200	5 - 7	180	3 - 5	
Chrome Moly Steels									
4130-4140	280	4 - 6	250	5 - 8	250	8 - 10	220	6 - 8	
4142-4150	230	3 - 5	200	4 - 6	200	5 - 7	170	4 - 6	
Nickel Chrome Moly Steels									
4317-4320	250	3 - 5	225	4 - 6	200	5 - 7	170	4 - 6	
4337-4340	230	3 - 4	200	4 - 5	200	4 - 6	170	4 - 5	
8615-8627	250	4 - 5	230	6 - 7	230	6 - 8	200	6 - 7	
8630-8645	250	3 - 5	230	4 - 6	230	5 - 7	180	4 - 6	
8647-8660	220	2 - 4	200	3 - 5	200	4 - 6	150	3 - 5	
8715-8750	250	3 - 5	220	4 - 6	220	5 - 7	180	4 - 6	
9310-9317	200	1 - 3	160	2 - 3	160	2 - 4	150	2 - 3	
9437-9445	250	4 - 5	230	4 - 5	230	5 - 6	180	4 - 5	
9747-9763	250	2 - 4	230	3 - 5	200	4 - 6	180	3 - 5	
9840-9850	240	4 - 5	220	4 - 6	200	5 - 7	180	4 - 6	
Nickel Moly Steels									
4608-4621	250	3 - 5	220	5 - 6	220	6 - 7	200	5 - 6	
4640	220	3 - 5	200	4 - 6	200	5 - 7	170	4 - 6	
4812-4820	200	3 - 5	180	3 - 5	180	4 - 6	160	4 - 5	
Chrome Steels									
5045-5046	280	4 - 6	250	5 - 7	250	8 - 10	200	7 - 8	
5120-5135	280	4 - 6	250	6 - 7	240	7 - 8	180	5 - 8	
5140-5160	250	3 - 5	230	4 - 6	230	5 - 7	200	4 - 6	
50100-52100	180	2 - 4	160	3 - 5	150	4 - 6	100	3 - 5	
Chrome Vanadium Steels		'				. ,		, ,	
6117-6210	225	4 - 5	225	5 - 7	200	6 - 8	170	5 - 7	
6145-6152	225	3 - 4	200	4 - 5	200	5 - 6	150	4 - 5	
Die Steels	220	U - T	200	J	200	<u> </u>	100	- <del>-</del>	
A-2	210	2 - 3	200	3 - 4	190	3 - 4	180	2 - 3	
D-2, D-3	110	2 - 3 1 - 2	100	3 - 4 1 - 2	90	3 - 4 1 - 2	80	2 - 3 1 - 2	
		1 - 2						1 - 2	
D-7	90 340		80 310	1	70 100	1	70 170		
O-1, O-2	240	3 - 4	210	4 - 5	190	5 - 6 5 - 7	170 150	4 - 5	
O-6	230	3 - 4	200	4 - 6	180	5 - 7	150	4 - 6	

Stock Dimensions	ck Dimensions 0 - 1"		1" -	- 3"	3" - 6"		6"+	
Tooth Pitch	10/14, 8/12		8/12, 6/10, 5/8		5/8, 4/6, 3/4, 3 Sabre		3/4, 2/3, 2 Sabre,	
		, .,	o,,	0, 10, 0, 0	0,0,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		h, 3/4" T.S.
Material (Annealed)	Blade	Cutting	Blade	Cutting	Blade	Cutting	Blade	Cutting
	Speed	Rate	Speed	Rate	Speed	Rate	Speed	Rate
	(SFPM)	(SIPM)	(SFPM)	(SIPM)	(SFPM)	(SIPM)	(SFPM)	(SIPM)
Silicon Steels	(3.1.11)	(=,	(011111)	(= 111)	(011111)	(211 111)	(011111)	(=,
9255-9260	200	2 - 4	180	3 - 5	180	3 - 5	150	3 - 5
9261-9262	200	1 - 3	160	2 - 3	160	2 - 4	150	2 - 3
High Speed Tool Steels								
T-1, T-2	130	1 - 2	110	2 - 3	100	2 - 4	90	2 - 3
T-4, T-5	110	1 - 2	100	1 - 2	90	2 - 3	80	1 - 2
T-6, T-8	110	1 - 2	100	1 - 2	80	1 - 2	70	1 - 2
T-15	80	1	80	1	70	1	50	1
M-1	150	1 - 3	140	2 - 4	130	3 - 5	110	2 - 4
M-2, M3	120	1 - 2	110	2 - 3	100	3 - 4	80	2 - 3
M-4, M-10	100	1 - 2	90	1 - 2	80	1 - 3	60	1 - 2
Hot Work Steels								
H-12, H-13, H-21	150	2 - 4	125	3 - 5	125	2 - 4	125	2 - 4
H-22, H-24, H-25	150	1 - 3	125	1 - 3	125	1 - 3	125	1 - 3
Shock Resisting Tool Stee	<u>els</u>							
S-1	220	2 - 4	180	3 - 5	165	3 - 5	150	2 - 4
S-2, S-5	170	1 - 3	150	3 - 5	120	2 - 4	100	1 - 3
Special Purpose Tool Stee	<u>els</u>							
L-6	200	2 - 4	180	3 - 5	170	3 - 5	150	2 - 4
L-7	200	2 - 4	180	3 - 5	150	3 - 5	100	2 - 4
Stainless Steels								
201, 202, 302, 304	120	2 - 4	100	2 - 4	100	2 - 4	100	1 - 3
303, 303F	140	2 - 4	120	2 - 4	100	3 - 5	100	2 - 4
308, 309, 310, 330	90	1	70	1	60	2	60	1
314, 316, 317	90	1	80	1	70	2	60	1
321, 347	130	1 - 3	110	1 - 3	100	2 - 4	80	1 - 3
410, 420, 420F	150	1 - 3	130	1 - 3	120	2 - 4	100	1 - 3
416, 430F	200	3 - 5	180	4 - 6	170	5 - 7	150	4 - 6
430, 446	100	1 - 3	90	2 - 4	80	2 - 4	80	1 - 3
440 A,B,C	120	1 - 3	10	1 - 3	90	2 - 4	70	1 - 3
440F, 443	150	1 - 3	130	1 - 3	120	2 - 4	100	1 - 3
17-4PH, 17-7PH	100	2 - 3	90	2 - 4	80	3 - 4	80	2 - 3
A-7	100	1 - 2	100	1 - 2	100	2 - 3	100	2 - 3
Beryllium Copper #25	050	4 0	000		075	0 0	005	
BHN 100-120	350	4 - 6	300	5 - 7	275	6 - 8	225	5 - 7
BHN 220-250	250	2 - 4 1 - 2	225	3 - 5	200 140	3 - 4	175	3 - 5
BHN 310-340 Nickel Base Alloys	200	1-2	160	1 - 2	140	2 - 3	100	1 - 2
Monel	100	1 - 2	100	1 - 2	80	1 - 2	60	1
R Monel	140	2 - 3	140	2 - 4	125	2 - 4	75	2 - 3
K Monel	100	1	80	1	60	1	60	1
KR Monel	100	1 - 3	90	1 - 3	80	1 - 3	60	1 - 2
Inconel	110	1 - 2	100	1 - 3	80	1 - 3	80	1 - 2
Inconel X	90	1	80	1	70	1	60	1
Hastelloy A	120	1 - 2	100	1 - 2	85	2 - 3	75	1 - 2
Hastelloy B	110	0 - 1	100	1 - 2	90	1 - 2	75	0 - 1
Hastelloy C	100	0 - 1	90	0 - 1	70	0 - 1	60	0 - 1
Rene 41	90	1	90	1	90	1 -2	90	1 - 2
Udimit	100	1	90	1 - 2	90	1 - 2	90	1 - 2
Waspalloy	90	1	90	1 - 2	90	1 - 2	90	1 - 2
Titanium	100	1 - 2	100	2 - 3	100	2 - 3	100	2 - 3
Titanium Alloys	1							
TI-4AL-4MO	100	0 - 1	90	0 - 1	80	0 - 1	70	0 - 1
TI-140A2CR-2MO	100	0 - 1	90	0 - 1	80	0 - 1	60	0 - 1

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